

JB Academy, Faizabad
Annual Examination 2016-17
CLASS - XI (History)

Time 3hrs

Marks – 80

Part A

Answer the following in 40-60 words

2x5=10

1. What were Garrison cities?
2. Mention any 4 features of Primates.
3. How did Japan justify its expansion during 19th-20th century?
4. Why did Japan begin sericulture?
5. How were Gladiator shows inhuman?

Part B I

Answer the following in 120-150 words

4x4=16

6. Why was history of Australian natives left out of history books?
7. How did Gold-Rush affect North American history?
8. What were the new developments helping European navigation in 15th century?
9. Explain occupation of Incas by Pizzaro.

Part B II

Answer the following in 120-150 words

4x1=4

10. Why were Italian towns the first to experience humanism?.

Part C

Answer the following in around 350 words

8x3=24

11. Describe features of early feudal society in France.
12. Write an essay on different cities of Mesopotamia.
13. History of Islamic lands between AD 600 to AD 1200 is based on chronicles or Tawarikh.
Explain sources of history of Islamic lands. How did Prophet form political institutions?

Part D

Answer the following passages

7x3=21

14.

On the Treatment of Slaves

'Soon afterwards the City Prefect, Lucius Pedanius Secundus, was murdered by one of his slaves. After the murder, ancient custom required that every slave residing under the same roof must be executed. But a crowd gathered, eager to save so many innocent lives; and rioting began. The senate –house was besieged. Inside, there was a feeling against excessive severity, but the majority opposed any change (...) [The senators] favouring execution prevailed. However, great crowds ready with stones and torches prevented from order being carried out. Nero rebuked the population by edict, and lined with troops the whole route along which those condemned were taken for execution.'

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) Why was action to be taken against slaves? | 1 |
| b) How did crowd react? | 3 |
| c) How did senators treat the slaves? | 3 |

15.

Yasa

In 1221, after the conquest of Bukhara, Genghis Khan has assembled rich Muslim residents at the festival ground and had admonished them. He called them sinners and warned them to compensate

for their sins by parting with their hidden wealth. The episode was dramatic enough to be painted and for a long time afterwards people still remembered the incident. In the late sixteenth century, Abdullah Khan, a distant descendant of Jochi, Genghis Khan's eldest son, went to same festival ground and performed his holiday prayers there. His chronicler, Hafiz- Tanish, reported this performance of Muslim piety by his master and included that surprising comment: 'this was according to the yasa of Genghis Khan'.

- a) How did Genghis Khan treat rich Muslim residents? 2
- b) What do you understand by Yasa? 2
- c) Why did Abdullah Khan perform his holiday prayers at Bukhara? 3

16.

Mao

In a survey 1930 in Xunwu, Mao Zedong looked at everyday commodities such as salt and soybeans, at the relative strengths of local organisations, at petty traders and craftsmen, iron smiths and prostitutes, and the strength of religious organisations to examine the different levels of exploitation. He gathered statistics of the number of peasants who had sold their children and found out what prices they received- boys were sold for 100-200 Yuan but there were no instances of sale of girls because the need was for hard labour not sexual exploitation. It was on the bases of these studies that he advocated ways of solving social problems.

- a. Who was Mao? 1
- b. What made Mao popular? 3
- c. Explain Mao's views on Sale of children. 3

Part E

14. Locate the following places on the given map: 1x5=5

- i. The earliest empire set up in Italy was named after this city.
- ii. The earliest university set up in Europe at this place.
- iii. Name the places marked on Map
 - A. The most vibrant city in east
 - B. Patriarch's home town
 - C. Most vibrant city in west.

